

UNIT ONE (PRESENT PERFECT/ simple and continuous) الحاضر التام

1. Hani (**study**) law and history for the last four years.
2. Hassan (**write**) an essay all morning.
3. The police sergeant (**interview**) two people so far today.
4. The detectives (**interview**) people all week.
5. I (**read**) a book about history of law-making recently.
6. He (**just come**) out of the sea.

UNIT TWO (PAST PERFECT/ simple and continuous) الماضي التام

1. By the end of 1854, about a quarter of the population (**leave**) for other parts of the world.
2. James was very nervous when he arrived at the airport. He (**never fly**) before.
3. Ruba didn't feel very confident about taking her driving license. She (**fail**) twice
4. Firas found it difficult to get up this morning. He (**work**) late the night before.
5. My father (**retire**) last year. He had worked for the same company all his life.
6. Samer couldn't contact his brother, because he (**switch**) his phone off.
7. I (**go**) to the doctor's this morning because I had felt ill during the night.
8. Irish people emigrated because so many (**die**)

UNIT THREE (WISH) أتمنى لو

1. You eat too quickly. **I wish**
2. I am not good at maths. **I wish**
3. I can't speak French. **I wish**

UNIT FOUR (EXPLANATIONS AND RESULTS) الشروحات و النتائج

1. Some people move to greener areas(**in order to, because**) survive.
2. Trees are usually cut down(**to, so**) make more agricultural land.
3. (**so that, because**) the top layer of soil is destroyed, the land can no longer be used for growing crops.
4. We need to protect some animals (**because, so that**) they don't become extinct

UNIT FIVE (MODAL VERBS) الأفعال الاحتمالية

1. The phone is ringing. It (**can't, might**) be your brother. He always calls at this time.
2. Bats don't have feathers. They (**must, can't**) be birds.
3. Faisal's car lights were on all night. He (**must have forgotten, must forget**) to switch them off.
4. Ali has just drunk two lit res of water. He (**must, can't**) have been thirsty.
5. Ahmad's looking at the engine of his car. It (**must, can't**) have broken down.
6. Khaled has a very good English accent. He (**might, can't**) have lived with an English family.
7. The ground is wet here. There (**must, can't**) have been once a lake here.

UNITSIX (PASSIVE VOICE) المبني للمجهول

1. Throughout history people have hunted elephants for their tusks. (change into **passive**)
2. People have prevented elephants from migrating to find food. (change into **passive**)
3. Law protects the nests of rare birds.(change into **passive**)
4. Birds make nests from grass, twigs and feathers. (change into **passive**)
5. If a predator is threatening sand gazelles, they can run away. (change into **passive**)
6. The government must give the people new houses. (change into **passive**)
7. The fire killed 39 people in the tunnel. (change into **passive**)

UNIT SEVEN (REPORTED SPEECH)

الكلام المنقول

1. Can you take me to the airport tomorrow? (Deema asked Ruba
2. Where are you going? (She asked him
3. I brought my briefcase home from work yesterday. (Hani said
4. It was very relaxing. (He said
5. What time do you have to be there? (Rakan asked
6. When did you get back? (Laila asked Fadia

UNIT EIGHT (COMPARING AND CONTRASTING)

المقارنة و التباين

1. City life can be quite stressful (**in comparison with, whereas**) village life is quite the opposite.
2. Seoul is quite a big city (**in comparison with, whereas**) Paris.
3. Damascus is the largest city in Syria, (**but, instead of**) Brasilia is small.
4. Landline phones are large and heavy (**in comparison with, while**) mobile phones.
5. City people buy from supermarkets. (**On the other hand, instead of**) country people buy from small shops.
6. City people often live in apartment (**whereas, in comparison with**) country people live in houses.
7. City people buy vegetable from shops (**instead of, whereas**) growing their own vegetables.
8. (**And although, Instead of**) Brasilia is a very modern city, Damascus developed naturally over thousands of years.

UNIT NINE (CAUSATIVE HAVE)

السببية HAVE

Have/Has/Had + something + done (V3)

الجملة الأصل (1,2,3,4,5,7) نفي فتصبح

Don't/Didn't have + something + done (V3)

الجملة الأصل(6) اثبات فتصبح

1. He isn't going to take his own photo.
2. My father doesn't clean the car himself.
3. I couldn't repair my computer myself.
4. We didn't build our own house.
5. Brides **rarely** make their own wedding dress.
6. My neighbour painted his house.
7. Are you going to service your own car? **No**,.....
8. Did you plant the trees in your garden? **No**,.....